

## REPUBLICAN RESULT IS STILL UNCERTAIN

### Republican County Ticket Elected With One Exception--Majorities Given

CHARLES EVANS HUGHES

The Man, As A Citizen, As A Governor, As A Justice of The Supreme Court—His Conception of The Presidency.

Charles Evans Hughes, who may be the next president of the United States is the only son of a Baptist minister, Rev. David Charles Hughes, and Mary Catherine Connelly Hughes, a descendant of Scottish, Irish and Dutch ancestors who settled in New York in pre-revolutionary days.

He was born at Glens Falls, N. Y., April 11th, 1862. His early education was obtained in the public schools of New York; collegiate education in Columbia University, Hamilton, N. Y. and Brown University, Providence, R. I. From this last named school he was graduated in 1881. Following his graduation from Brown he taught Greek and Mathematics in Delaware Academy at Delhi, N. Y., at the same time taking up the study of law in the office of Judge Gleason of that county seat town. He entered Columbia Law School in 1882 and was graduated from that school in 1884, being admitted to the New York Bar in that same year.

He began as a clerk in the law firm of Chamberlain, Carter and Hornblower; in 1887 he became a member of this same firm which was known as Carter, Hughes and Cravath.

December 5th, 1888 he was united in marriage with Miss Antoinette Carter and four children, one son and three daughters have been born to them.

Mr. Hughes continued in the practice of law in New York city until 1891, when he accepted an appointment as professor of law in Cornell University, which he filled for two years at the end of which time he returned to New York and resumed his law practice at the same time continuing as a special lecturer on law at Cornell University. He was regarded as one of the foremost counsel in the city, enjoying a general practice, without political ambition and always retaining complete personal independence.

His first entry into public life occurred when he was appointed counsel to the Stevens Gas Investigating Committee in 1905. This committee was appointed by the legislature for the purpose of investigating complaints as to the cost of gas in New York city. Mr. Hughes conducted the investigation, wrote the report of the committee and prepared bills which lowered the price of gas and provided remedies for a number of minor grievances, all of these bills were passed and became laws of the State. Another committee was appointed by the New York Legislature to investigate the management of the great Life Insurance Companies and Mr. Hughes who was in Switzerland at the time was called to return to this country and take charge of this investigation which he did and which created a nationwide sensation resulting in the correction of many corrupt methods and in the compelling of honesty in the handling of the peoples money. He refused the nomination as Republican candidate for Mayor of New York because, as he stated he considered his duty to the state as investigator of the Life Insurance Management as of paramount importance. Hughes was next called to make inquiry to ascertain whether the United States should bring action against the Anthracite Railroad for violation of the Sherman Anti-Trust Law; for this purpose the United States Department of Justice appointed him Assistant United States Attorney. The work of preparation for this inquiry had just begun when Mr. Hughes was nominated by acclamation as the Republican candidate for governor of the State of New York. This nomination was accepted by Mr. Hughes:

"I shall accept the nomination without pledge other than to do my duty according to my conscience. If elected it will be my ambition to give the State the same efficient and honorable administration, free from taint of bossism or of servitude to any private interest. A united party making an appeal to good citizenship must win."

He was the only Republican elected and it is sufficient to say that he kept every promise he made in his pre-election campaign; they were in substance as follows:

"I promise an honest administration.

No interest, however prominent, will receive any consideration except that to which upon the merits of the case it may be entitled. If elected in the light of the supreme interest of the people.

It will be my aim to make the administration of the government efficient and economical.

I shall spare no effort to make effective the reforms in the business of life insurance so essential to the interests of the policy holders.

I promise the enforcement of the law with equal severity and with equal justice to all, rich and poor, corporations and individuals.

Mr. Hughes was nominated for President of the United States by the Republican National Convention and resigned as Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court, to which office he was appointed May 2nd, 1910, on June 10th, 1916. His conception of the presidency as set forth in his campaign utterances gives promise of an absolutely equitable and highly efficient administration.

Mr. Hughes states his conception of the presidency of the United States as involving "An executive responsible to the people." The selection of "The firm Cabinet the country can supply." The maintenance of "a firm but courteous policy" in foreign relations. "Protection of Americans in all lands." "Preparation for trade competition." "Fair supervision of business enterprises." The securing of "industrial peace." He believes and will stand for a united Nation.

"We Americans are in one boat. You cannot strike a blow at one group without injury to all. Common justice and fair play will settle our difficulties if suspicion and bitterness are

let alone. These are the principles by which I propose to be guided."

Such in brief is the man who may in the course of events become the executive head of this Nation. A man of sound convictions of justice equity and right, unafraid in carrying forward those convictions. A man in whom all classes and conditions of men may place absolute confidence.

#### THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

The season is at hand in which it has been our long respected custom as a people to turn in praise and thanksgiving to Almighty God for His manifold mercies and blessings to us as a Nation. Now therefore, I Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate the last Thursday of November next as a day of Thanksgiving and prayer, and invite the people throughout the land to cease from their wonted occupations and in their several homes and places of worship render thanks to Almighty God.

#### REV. B. F. ALDRICH D. D.

Former Wauseon Boy and Well Known Congregational Minister Passed Away at His Home in Chicago Sunday — Pneumonia The Cause

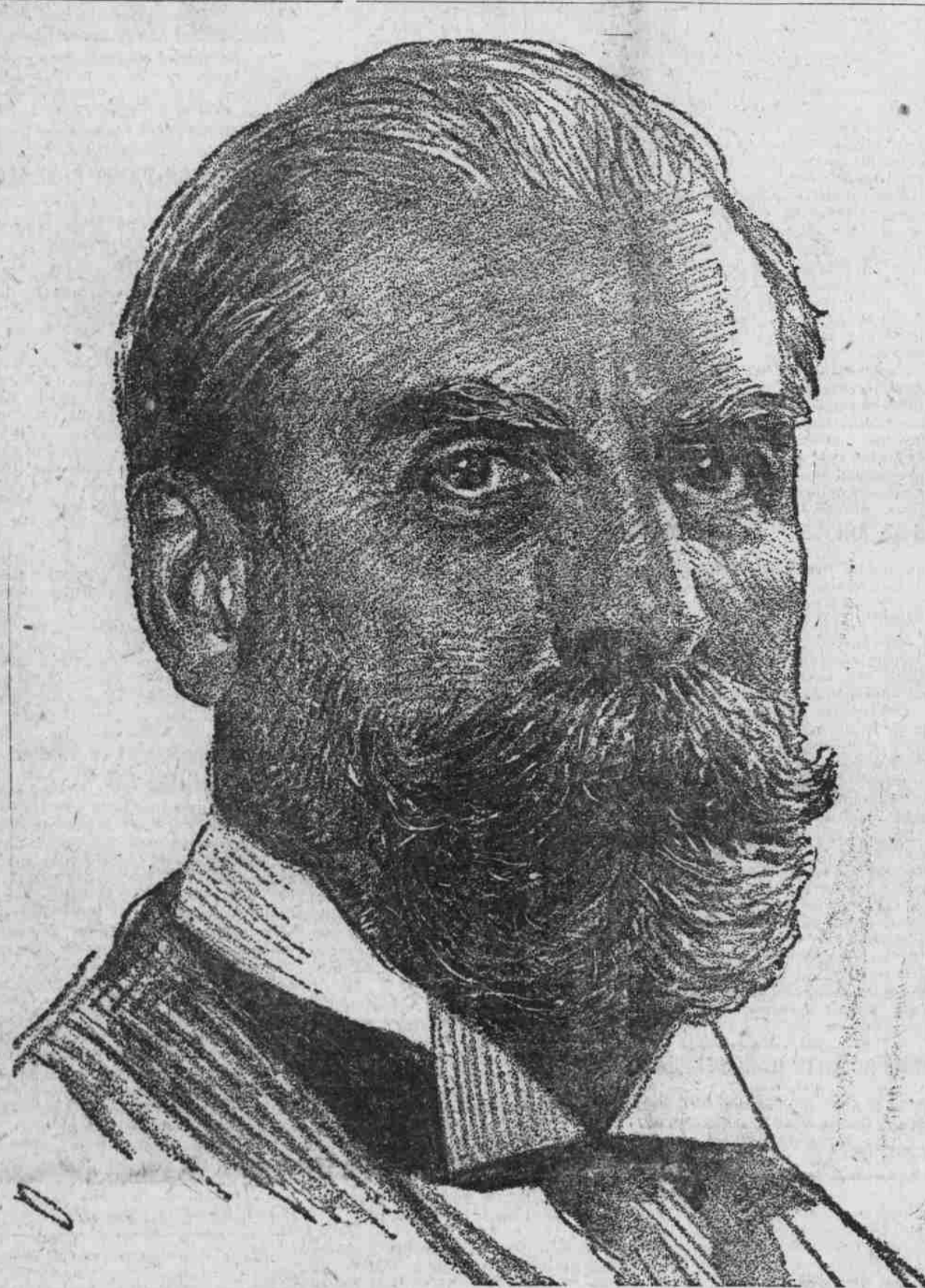
The following is clipped from the Chicago Daily Tribune of Monday November 6th, 1916:

The Rev. Benjamin F. Aldrich, for the last five years pastor of the New First Congregational church, Ashland avenue and West Washington boulevard, died last evening after two weeks' illness. Mr. Aldrich was 53 years of age and one of the best known Congregational pastors in Chicago. He came to the New First church from the pastorate of the Wellington Avenue Congregational church. For a time he shared with Dr. George S. Davis and others in the multiple ministry of the New First church, which was allied to the Chicago Theological seminary, the pastors of the church being also professors in the seminary. When the seminary moved to the campus of the University of Chicago, Mr. Aldrich became sole pastor. He was a member of the committee of 100 to bring "Billy" Sunday to Chicago. He was born on a farm near Wauseon, O., January 22, 1863, and graduated from Adrian college, Michigan. He studied law and was admitted to the bar before he studied for the ministry. He was formerly pastor in Ypsand Michigan, and Aurora Ill. He is survived by his widow and four children.

Dr. Aldrich's body was brought to Wauseon Wednesday evening and services held in the Congregational church Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, interment being made in Wauseon cemetery.

#### CANDIDATES, DON'T FORGET

The election laws of the State of Ohio require that all candidate for election to public office, shall within ten days from date of the election file with the clerk of the Board of Deputy State Supervisors of Elections a certified statement of all moneys received and expended for campaign purposes. Blanks for these statements will be furnished all candidates by the clerk of the Board, who is in Fulton county, Charles Eastman. This law is compulsory and applies to all candidates whether successful or unsuccessful. The ten day limit expires Friday November 17th.



CHARLES E. HUGHES

Born at Glens Falls, New York, April 11, 1862.  
Graduated From Brown University 1881; From Columbia Law School 1884.  
Elected Governor of New York 1906, Re-elected 1908.  
Appointed Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court 1910.  
Nominated for President of the United States June 10th, 1916.

#### MAJORITIES

Majority Votes in Fulton County Compiled From First and Unofficial Returns — Republican Majorities Sustain Unprecedented Out.

The Republican party of Fulton county sustained a real surprise last Tuesday night when election returns demonstrated that the usually dependable and safe Republican majorities in the county had sustained a startling decrease all along the line and in some cases to the vanishing point. Mr. Hughes total vote in the county was 2939, while Mr. Wilson received 2471 bringing the Republican majority on candidate for president down to 468.

Mr. Willis received 3482 votes in the county, Mr. Cox 2048; Mr. Willis' majority being 1434, a slight increase over his majority in 1914, which was 1343. Mr. Herriek's majority over Mr. Pomeroy was 808 the vote standing 3124 and 2316. Mr. Matthews for Congressman led Judge Snook by 801. C. C. Cass for State Senator received 790 majority over Frank W. Thomas.

F. H. Reighard won his election by 853. Johnson for clerk of courts received a majority of 978, Boone for Sheriff received a majority of 182 votes. Fred Perry of Fayette for county auditor leads his opponent, Mr. Fraker by 954. The vote on commissioners stands as follows: Aumond, 3109; Edgar, 3071; Sprin, 3119; Fraker, 2475; Leininger, 2213; Perkins, 2183. Roos for treasurer received 3411 votes. Robinson for recorder defeated Stolz 852.

The vanishing point in Republican majorities was reached when C. P. Weber, Democrat, defeated C. O. Castle for surveyor by 47 votes. Chas. T. Stahl was re-elected prosecuting attorney by a majority of 205 over F. B. Fowler. Returns on the judicial are incomplete but Silas S. Richards led Bernard F. Brough for Judge of Court of Appeals and Allen M. Barber will receive a majority of more than 100 over August Ruhlley for Probate Judge.

#### DOUBLE FATALITY

Mrs. Joel Nofziger Killed by Auto—Mrs. Elmer Klopfenstein, a Sister Dies From Shock When She Views Remains

Mrs. Joel Nofziger of Archbold met sudden death last Tuesday afternoon on the streets of Archbold. Mrs. Nofziger was crossing a street and watching an automobile coming from one direction when a heavy car came suddenly around a corner from the opposite direction at a high rate of speed and before the driver could check the car or Mrs. Nofziger get out of the way the car struck Mrs. Nofziger and passed over her body horribly mangle her body and causing immediate death. Mrs. Elmer Klopfenstein, a sister of Mrs. Nofziger was so shocked by the accident that she died Tuesday night.

Mrs. Nofziger leaves three children and Mrs. Klopfenstein six. These ladies will be remembered by many in Wauseon as Lantz sisters.

#### JOSEPHINE BLIZZARD BATES

Mrs. Josephine Blizzard Bates, well known to many Wauseon residents was buried at her home in Toledo last Saturday. Mrs. Bates had gone to Cambridge, Ohio, to visit friends, where she was taken ill with typhoid fever, dying last Thursday night.

Josie, as she was familiarly known to her friends, here was born and raised to womanhood in Wauseon, being the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clint Blizzard. She was a graduate of our High School and was a woman of more than average intellect and for several years had been an earnest worker and speaker for the W. W. W.

She was about forty years of age and leaves her mother, one son Wesley; one daughter, Elizabeth, all of Toledo and one sister, Mrs. Minnie Wyman of Chicago.

#### CIVIC CLUB

Plans For Winter's Activities Made at Meeting Monday Evening—Rummage Sale Saturday November 18th—Community Christmas Tree.

The Civic Club held their regular meeting at the Library Assembly room last Monday evening.

Mrs. George B. Hayes, the new president presided and plans were formulated for the activities of the Club during the forthcoming winter season. The Rummage Sale which proved such a success last year both in the way of placing unused articles of clothing and furniture and other household utensils where they were needed and could be used and at the same time helping to furnish funds with which the Club could supply those in need with some of the necessities of life, is to be repeated this year and the date set is Saturday November 18th. All persons having articles of clothing or furniture which they wish to contribute are requested to deliver such articles at the City Hall where the sale will be held on Friday November 17th; if such parties find it impossible to bring or send them to the place designated they are asked to telephone Mrs. F. H. Woff who is the chairman of the committee.

Too much cannot be said in regard to the value of such a Rummage Sale as the ladies of the Civic Club conduct to the community. How much better it is that an article of clothing or furniture that has fallen into disuse, but which is still usable, should be made available to persons who have need of just such articles, but cannot afford to purchase new, rather than clutter up closets, attics and cellars. Such articles are not only returned to usefulness but price paid however small it may be is available to meet the needs of someone who is in real want.

The Rummage Sale becomes a sort of clearing house, and the Civic Club is the logical organization to conduct such an institution.

The ladies of the Civic Club deserve the heartiest co-operation of the community in this enterprise. The Community Christmas Tree was discussed by the club and it was decided that the club would work together with the Booster's Club to assure Wauseon's Second Community Christmas Tree; this means that we will have the tree and that it will be more of a success than the last one.

Reserved seats for lecture at High School will be on sale at Fink & Haumesser's, Friday November 10, 1916.

#### BUSINESS

Unprecedented Volume of Business soaring Prices—The Reason Is the American Workingman's Condition Really Bettered?—A Coming Emergency and How To Meet It.

It is worthy of note that the business of the United States continues its large volume in spite of a presidential election and steadily increasing costs. Buying for current and future requirements outstrips facilities for production and distribution. Scarcity of materials and labor conditions are impeding the volume of manufactures. Restriction of fuel supplies incidental to car shortage make shipments backward, but the trend of prices is strongly upward and producers have come to the point where promises for future deliveries are given with utmost reluctance, and an increasing number of profitable contracts are being rejected. Bank clearings were 39 per cent. larger last week than one year ago. While extravagant predictions of earnings of the Steel Corporation have not been realized, a new high record has been established the total earnings for the third quarter of the year being \$85,000,000, double the previous highest point reached in any quarter. Capacity operations in textile mills, and footwear factories is the rule and some manufacturers are refusing to sprang for goods to be delivered next Spring, at any price. Coal prices are up and still soaring. Anthracite coal reached the unprecedented figure of \$11. per ton F. O. B. New York harbor last week and bituminous was selling at \$7.00 per ton. The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland has placed on sale in the United States \$300,000,000 of secured loan gold notes interest at 5 1/2 per cent payable in three and five years in United States gold coin, so there is an opportunity for the investment of the surplus cash that has been flowing into this country. It goes without saying that the reason for this business prosperity is the suspension of a large proportion of the industries and commerce of Europe due to the war.

It may be an open question as to whether the American workingman who in the last analysis is the producer of the merchandise that is so much in demand and which is bringing the balance of trade this way is any better off than he would be with a smaller and less assured volume of business. True he has plenty of work and his wage scale has increased but he has to pay more for all that he has. His family eat, drink and wear to say nothing of the fuel he must buy and the rent he must pay. And when the end comes, as come it must, he is left penniless. It is to wonder what these same American workingmen are going to do and what their condition will be. The people who have been hoarding profits through commerce or manufactures may fall back upon the accumulated surplus of these profits, the capitalists and investors who have garnered in the dividends from 25 per cent to 100 per cent, may fall back on the earnings of their capital but the Workingman whose sole stock in trade and capital is his own strength to work is not apt to lay aside very much for such an emergency as will come in this country with the close of the European War and consequent cessation of "war orders" coupled with the renewal of industry in the countries now at war.

It is something more than political campaign talk it is a real condition which this nation must meet and the problem is, how shall we meet it? It is a problem for the American people to grapple and solve, citizens and statesmen, capitalists and laborers, business men professional men, merchants and farmers all alike are interested, for in this commonwealth of ours no class or portion of the people can suffer without affecting every class and every portion of the people. It is forewarned, and the serious consideration of this coming emergency leading to intelligent preparation for it is not only good business it may be the means of averting a national catastrophe.

#### A BIRTHDAY SURPRISE

Last Sunday morning while Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Skeels were at Sunday School about sixty of their friends and relatives gathered at their home at 233 East Chestnut street, in Wauseon, to remind grandpa Skeels that Monday, November 6, would be his eightieth birthday.

Those present from a distance were Mr. and Mrs. Skeels' daughter, Mrs. Overly, and granddaughter, Mrs. DeSana of Detroit; Mr. and Mrs. Ira Taber and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Skelley of Toledo.

The ladies brought well filled baskets of good things to eat and Grandpa and Grandma Skeels were completely, yet pleasantly surprised to see so many of their friends there and to find everything in readiness for dinner. A most enjoyable day was spent and time to leave came much too soon. It is needless to say that Grandpa Skeels enjoyed every minute of the time. All departed agreeing that the surprise was complete and hoping that Mr. Skeels may see many more happy birthdays.

#### ONE WHO WAS THERE

FOUND IN FIELD  
Last Tuesday afternoon a passerby noticed a man lying on a shock of corn in a field on the W. T. Campbell farm, known better as the "Hollister Farm" south of Wauseon. Upon investigation the man proved to be Mr. James Gorsuch of Wauseon who had been husking corn for John Yoder who manages the farm. Mr. Gorsuch had gone to the field Monday after dinner to husk corn, the indications were that he had husked only about a shock and a half of corn when he was stricken with some sort of apoplectic stroke and fell on his back in the corn stalks. He was unconscious when found; Dr. F. C. Hartman was called and had the still unconscious man removed to his home in Wauseon. Mr. Gorsuch died Wednesday afternoon never having regained consciousness.

USE McCALL'S DRESS PATTERNS

## Our "Fall Festival" Array Overwhelming Received

Our Displays Showing Advanced Holiday Possibilities Which Are Positively Desirable

### Our Coat and Suit Corterie

NO HOSTESS could be more fastidious as to the character of her guests than this STORE is in selecting its stocks, especially of its COATS and SUITS. In all our showing there is not a single garment that we are not willing to have compared as to QUALITY, STYLE and VALUE from whatever source you may choose.

Just as a single noisy or rude guest would destroy the success of a whole entertainment, so we feel that the reputation of this establishment would suffer very seriously in permitting just one styleless or shortlived garment to go out over our threshold.

A STYLE entertainment awaits you here today, tomorrow and every day.

### Most Charming Effects in Ladies' Fancy Collars

Rare combinations of QUALITY and STYLE are these NEWEST COLLARS. Showing a very complete assortment which offers every pleasing mode.

### New Fall Home Furnishings

Room Size Rugs, Linoleums, Marquisette Curtains Window Shades

Every purchase in this direction is a credit to your buying ability.



Finally Remember, that at all times we want you to know that you receive \$1.00 worth for every \$1.00 spent here; In our PERSISTENCY to that end we may use our several DISTINCTIVE traits dozens of times. Since one stroke of a bell in a thick fog does not give any lasting impression of its location, but when followed by repeated strokes at regular intervals the densest fog on the darkest night cannot conceal its whereabouts. Likewise a single mention of our QUALITY, STYLE and MODERATE CONSISTENT PRICES—as compared with regular systematic mention—is in its effect unlike the sound which, heard but faintly once is lost in space and soon forgot.

## THE SPENCER-EDGAR-VOLLMER COMPANY

Wauseon's Exclusive Dry Goods Store

USE OUR BEAUTIFUL NEW FALL DRESS GOODS